







Our university and our students

China's Standards of English Language Ability

 Can understand language materials on general topics discussed in a variety of situations; can grasp their theme, identify the key points, find out facts, views, and intricate details, and get to know the intentions and attitudes of others.

CSE 5

 Can communicate, discuss, and negotiate with others on topics such as study and work in familiar situations and express his/her viewpoints and display his/her attitude; can describe, clarify, or explain matters on general topics relatively effectively and express him/herself accurately, coherently, and appropriately.

CSE 4		can identify main themes and key content, grasp the main facts and viewpoints, and understand the intentions and attitudes of others. Can communicate with others on familiar subjects in familiar situations; can describe the development of an event, describe current situations and related activities, point out the main features of things, and briefly discuss his/her viewpoints; can express him/herself fairly
	•	accurately, clearly, and coherently. Can understand simple everyday language materials, glean specific or key information from them, identify key points, and deduce the intentions of others.

can describe personal experiences and aspirations and clearly present his/her reasons and viewpoints; can express him/herself with a basic level of accuracy, coherence, and fluency.



Language

- (1) To list the main facts according to the timeline;
- (2) To summarize the text;
- (3) To make the sentences more concise;
- (4) To utilize the expressions in their output.

Morality

- (1) To dare to dream and dream big;
- (2) To develop critical thinking ability & cooperation spirit;
- (3) To get enlightenment from the qualities and the spirits of Nan Rendong.



Production-oriented Approach



Hypothesis

- *Learning-centered Principle
- *Learning-using Integrated Principle
- *Whole-person Education Principle

- *Output-driven Hypothesis
- *Input-enabled Hypothesis
- *Selective Learning Hypothesis

Motivating

Enabling

Assessing

Scenario

Tentative production

Motivation

Instant assessment

Selective learning

Production revision

Teacher assessment

Self-assessment

Peer assessment

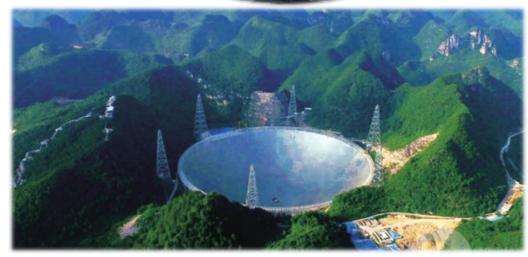
Computermediated assessment **Episode 1 Different features**

Episode 2
Different hopes



Text A "Unreachable" dream









Early 1990s (

Preview & Exercise

Think (Timeline)

Pair (Question tank)

Section 2 Text A

Words and expressions

 Complete the sentences with the correct form of the words below.

> complicated motivation origin persistent precise reputation

- If you want to find out about the _____
 an idea or invention, what would you do?
- The success of this project gave the team more _____ and confidence to do further research.
- He cares very deeply about how other people see him, so he will do whatever he can do to
- and worsen the situation.

 5. He was not the cleverest of people, but he had great _____, and so he succeeded in
- the end.
 6. Do you sometimes find it difficult to describe
- how you feel in a very _____ way?

Replace the underlined words with the correct form of the expressions below. You may need to make other changes.

come to hide away keep ... alive

- The company's <u>main business is</u> recycling computers and using the parts to make other products.
- When young children do not succeed at something, parents should encourage them as much as possible so that they do not lose

- She always kept her diary in a secret place so that no one would be able to find it and know her true feelings.
- So how did you <u>arrive at the fantastic</u> idea of turning ocean plastic into fashion
 accornging?
- Even though he had only been at the job for a couple of months, he felt ready to <u>accept</u> more difficult tasks.

Collocation

Omplete the sentences with the correct form of suitable collocations. Sometimes more than one collocation is possible.

unreachable lifelong biggest distant | dream

- It has been my _____ to visit Greece, to see the birthplace of Western civilization.
- Some people worry that once they _____
 their _____ they may lose their energy
 and motivation.
- You should never stop ______your _____, because even if you don't achieve them, you will become a better person for having tried.
- Sometimes, when I'm up all night studying for a test, graduation seems like
 a(n)
- 6. You should never _____ your ____ no matter how "unreachable" they seem.

your lists. Choose the most important events and then draw a timeline of Nan Rendong's story.

When Milestones

Childhood Falling in love with the universe

Critical thinking skill

Analyzing the chronology of events using a timeline

Chronological thinking is a useful tool to help structure historical narratives such as biographies.

When we try to establish the chronology of events, it can be helpful to draw a timeline. This enables us to list the events on a time scale (hour / day / month / year, etc.) and cleanly see how the story develops. We can ask ourselves

questions such as:
Which events caused or led to other events happening?

· Are there any clear patterns of events?

There are expressions that relate to time and sequence that can help us in this process:

- Nan was working as a visiting professor at the National Astronomical Observatory of Japan in the early 1990s when a bold idea came to him.
- · After 12 years of searching, ...
- When Nan was 70, ...
- · One year later, ...

Share (Vote)







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Nan
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Objectives

Principles

Procedures

Highlights

Motivating

Pre-class

In-class

Instant assessment

Preview & Exercise

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完成一个 summary 作业

字数: 199 标为优秀

It's important in life to have dreams. Whether these are dreams for your future, your family's future, or for the future of your country, having dreams can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. Nan Rendong, the chief scientist for the world's largest radio telescope, FAST. He spent more than two decades trying to fulfil a dream that many described as "unreachable". Giving up his well-paid position at one of the world's top scientific research institutes in Japan, Nan returned to China in 1994 to pursue his "unreachable" dream. After 12 years of searching, Nan Rendong and his team solved the first challenge - finding the right place. For example, he had to climb up and down 100-meter- tall towers countless times and assess the firmness of the subsoil with his own. Nan personally took care of many technical details. Nan himself always led his team during the construction process, overcoming one failure after another. Nan Rendong lived a simple life, with little concern for reputation or wealth. But as a dream-chaser, he thought big and ran at full speed toward achieving his "unreachable" dream.

Tentative production

字数: 55 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

It's important in life to have dreams, which can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. However, many people think his or her dream is unreachable. But I believe that if you made an extraordinary contribution, you will achieve your dream.



Think (Timeline)

Pair (Question tank)

Share (Vote)

Enabling

Scenario

Introduce the Chinese scientist Nan Rendong to international students at "Ustar" Science & Technology Festival next month.



Enabling

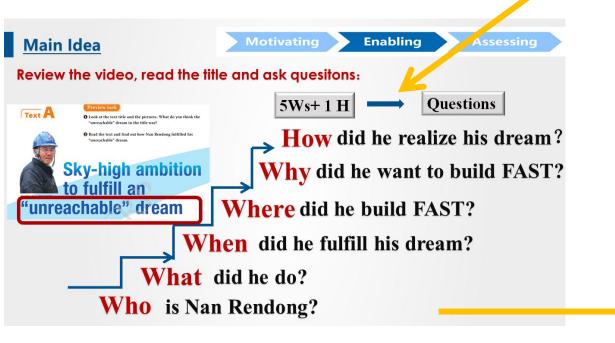
In-class

Affective engagement





Main idea



Nan Rendong is a scientist,

who built the world's largest telescope (FAST)

in 2016 in Guizhou

to explore the universe

with his perseverance and efforts.

Main Idea



Objectives

Principles

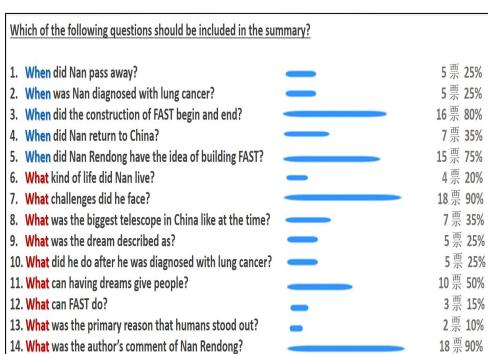
Procedures

Highlights

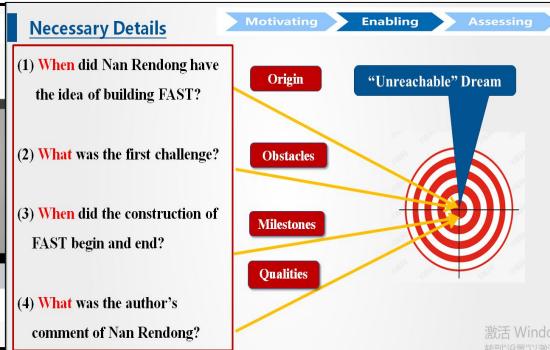
Enabling

Necessary details

Question tank









Teaching context

Objectives

Principles

Procedures

Highlights

Enabling



Sample analysis

Summary Sample



Motivating

Enabling

Assessing

Nan Rendong is a scientist, who built the world's largest telescope (FAST) in 2016 in Guizhou to explore the universe with his perseverance and efforts.

Main Idea



Necessary Details



In the early 1990s, Nan Rendong had the idea of building FAST. He spent 12 years finding the right position for building and went through one failure after another. The construction began in 2011 and was completed 5 years later. He is a dream-seeker, who dared to dream big and dedicated himself to achieving it.

Teaching context

Objectives

Principles

Procedures

Highlights

Enabling



字数: 199 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

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1. Can we copy the original words?

Enabling

Retelling

Summary Content

Enabling

字数:55 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

It's important in life to have dreams, which can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. However, many people think his or her dream is unreachable. But I believe that if you made an extraordinary contribution, you will achieve your dream.

2. Can we bring in our own opinions?

Objective

Summary Content

Enabling

Summary Structure

字数: 65 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

Nan Rendong, the chief scientist, completed the world's largest radio telescope, FAST on September 25, 2016.

So it's very important to have a dream in life. No matter how difficult it is, it can't stop us from moving forward.

Like Nan Rendong, he led his team through numerous of challenges and setbacks. But I think all the difficulties will also promote our progress to success.

4. When listing the key points, shall we follow the order of ideas in the original text or rearrange them?

Enabling

A) original order

B) rearrangement

Easily understood

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完成一个 summary 作业

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3. Can we include detailed explanations, examples or evidence, that are not so vital

information?

Brief

Enabling

Instant assessment

Selective learning

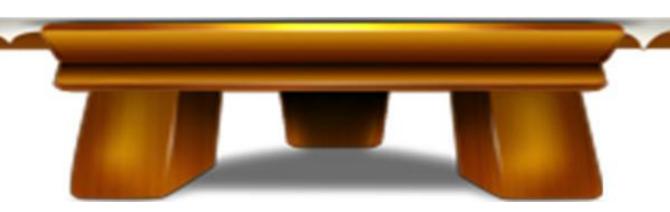
Production revision

SUMMARY

Language → Retelling + Objective + Brief

Content —> Main idea + Necessary details

Structure — Following the original order



Discussion



Page-180

4. How do you understand the connection between Nan Rendong's personal dream and the Chinese dream?

After-class

Review & Exercises

Refine

Assessment

Tentative production

Collocations

© Complete the sentences with the correct form of suitable collocations. Sometimes more than one collocation is possible.

unreachable lifelong biggest distant | **dream**pursue fulfill achieve realize give up on | **dream**

L.	it has been my	to vi	sit Greece, to
	see the birthplace of	Western	civilization.
2.	Some people worry	that once	they

their _____ they may lose their energy
and motivation.

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Self-assessment chart

	Self-Assessment	Score
Language	I can self-study and I have used as many new words and expressions as possible.	10 20 30 40 50
L anguage	I have used attributive clause to make the sentences more concise.	10 20 30 40 50
	I have covered the main facts and necessary details of the text.	1 2 3 3 4 5
Content	I don't cover any information that may not be vital.	10 20 30 40 50
	I don't copy the author's words or bring in my own opinions.	10 20 30 40 50
Structure	I follow the order of the original text in a logical way.	10 20 30 40 50
Critical thinking skill	I can cooperate with my partner and develop my critical thinking ability by analyzing the chronology of events using a timeline	10 20 30 40 50
Reflection	My passion is aroused to integrate my personal dream with the Chinese Dream.	10 20 30 40 50

Intercultural writing

6 ☑ Every culture has its own heroes who are held up as models for others to learn from. They could be scientists, entrepreneurs, athletes, or everyday people who show virtues like perseverance (毅力), courage, kindness, etc. Write a short essay describing the characteristics of a hero from other countries.

Assessing

TSCA

Computer-mediated assessment.

Question tank

Necessary Details Which of the following questions should be included in the summary? 5票 25% 1. When did Nan pass away? 2. When was Nan diagnosed with lung cancer? 5票 25% 20票100% 3. When did the construction of FAST begin and end? 7票 35% 4. When did Nan return to China? 20票100% 5. When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST? 4票20% 6. What kind of life did Nan live? 20票100% 7. What challenges did he face? 8. What was the biggest telescope in China like at the time? 7票35% 5票 25% 9. What was the dream described as? 10. What did he do after he was diagnosed with lung cancer? 5票 25% 10票 50% 11. What can having dreams give people? 3票 15% 12. What can FAST do? 13. What was the primary reason that humans stood out? 2票 10% 14. What was the author's comment of Nan Rendong? 20票100%

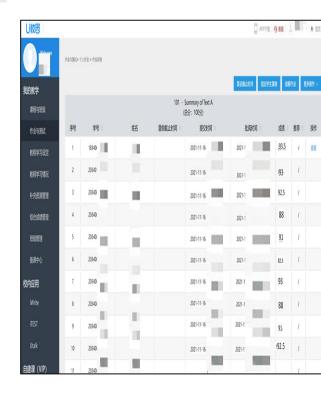
Vote



Vocabulary test







Assessing

Self-assessment chart

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TSCA

Teacher's assessment chart

	Assessment Criteria	iWCiCp/	Teacher
Languago	Students can summarize the text with richness and variety by utilizing the new expressions.		
Language	Students are able to make the sentences more concise by using attributive clauses.		
044	The students can screen the main facts and necessary details from the text.		
Content	Students don't copy the author's words or bring in their own opinions.		
Structure	Students can elaborate their ideas in the original order of the text logically and clearly.		

Peer assessment



Cling to textbook

Multi-teaching mode

Teaching & Morality

Diverse motivating activities

Effective assessment

Highlights



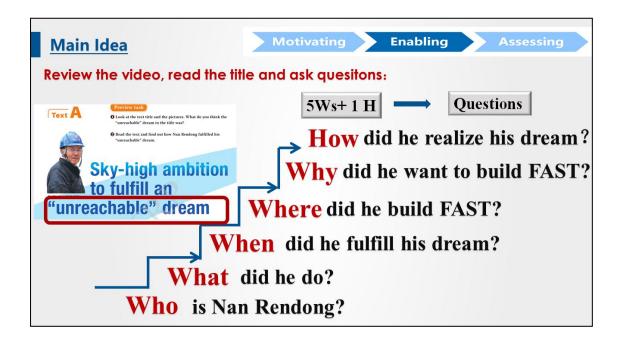
Cling to textbook

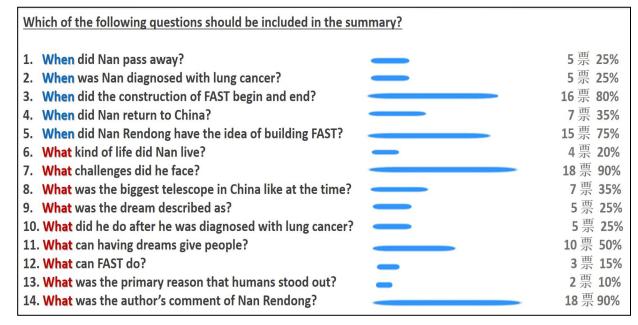


5Ws+1H

Questions

Question tank





Highlights ->

Multi-teaching mode

Comprehension-2

Read the text again and decide whether the following statements are true or false.

- **1.** In the early 1990s, China's largest radio telescope was less than 30 meters across.
 - A True.
 - B False.
- **2.** The first challenge that Nan Rendong and his team faced was the huge cost?
 - A True.
 - B False.
- **3.** As the chief scientist and engineer, Nan had to deal with some of the tough engineering problems instead of technical details.
 - A True.
 - B False.





						WINDS AND	-	1000	IN COURSE
我的教学						重设截止时间 指定的	学生重数 查看	作业	更多操作
课程与班级					ummary of Text A 设分: 100分)				
作业与测试	序号	学号 :	無	做截止时间 =	提交时间	批約0400	成绩:	推荐:	操作
教程学习设定	1	183406030			2021-11-10	2021	78.6	V	24
	2	20340104			2021-11-1	2021-1	81	1	
补充资源管理	3	2034080			2021-11-1	2021-11-10	80.5	7	
综合成绩管理	4	2034080			2021-11-	2021-11-16	82.3	7	
班级管理	5	203408			2021-11-1	2021-11-16	80	£	
备课中心	6	20340			2021-11-1(2021-11-16	83	1	
交内应用	7	2034			2021-11-16	2021-11-1	82.3	1	
iWrite	8	2034			2021-11-16	2021-11-1	81	1	
iTEST	9	20340			2021-11-1	2021-11-1	81	1	
Utalk	10	20340			2021-11	2021-11-	86	1	
自建课 (VIP)	11	203408070122			2021	2021-13	82.3	7	

Teaching & Morality



Diverse motivating activities

Interest-motivating activities

Task-motivating activities



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big and ran at full speed toward achieving his "unreachable" dream.

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Effective assessment

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Reflection	My passion is aroused to integrate my personal dream with the Chinese Dream.	10 20 30 40 50

2.2.1 语言目标。

- ★1)熟练掌握教材中的词汇、短语、句型等表达,完成教材巩固练习题,并能够在语言输出环节学以致用。
- (4) 掌握用时间轴分析事件的方法,并根据文章主要事件,完成"问题库"。4
- (3) 熟练掌握、灵活运用概括文章的技巧和方法。4
- (4) 掌握整合句子、使句子变得更加简洁、多样的技巧和方法。。

2.2.2 育人目标。

- (1)通过分析南仁东在建设 FAST 过程中的艰难,概括南仁东如何实现"遥不可及"的梦想的故事,学习他身上那些熠熠生辉的闪光点——坚强执着、自律严谨和刻苦钻研等精神,培养为理想拼搏、锐意进取的精神。₽
- (2) 志存高远,有更广阔的视角,更宽广的格局,实现个人梦想和国家梦想、世界梦想的结合。
- (3)培养人文情怀、爱国主义思想,增加民族自豪感,讲好中国故事,做中华民族优秀的传统文化的传播者。。
- (4) 培养自学能力(外研随身学 APP 预习词汇和课文,完成 U校园练习题)、团队合作能力、逻辑思考能力(THINK-PAIR-SHARE 环节,独立思考、小组讨论、与之分享)。↓

Cling to textbook

Multi-teaching mode

Teaching & Morality

Diverse motivating activities

Effective assessment

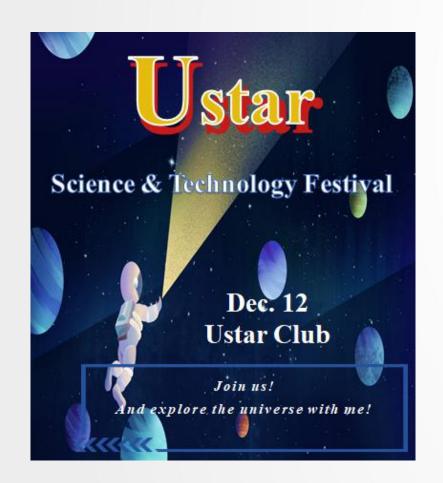
Highlights

Reference

- 1.文秋芳,孙曙光."产出导向法"驱动场景设计要素案例[J].外语教育研究前沿,2020(2):4-11.
- 2. 文秋芳. "产出导向法"的中国特色[J]. 现代外语, 2017(3): 348-358.
- 3. 文秋芳. "师生合作评价": "产出导向法"创设的新评价形式 [J]. 外语界, 2016(5):37-43.
- 4.文秋芳. 构建"产出导向法"理论体系[J]. 外语教学与研究, 2015(4): 547-558.
- 5.孙曙光. "师生合作评价"的辩证研究[J]. 现代外语, 2019 (3):419-430.
- 6.孙曙光. "师生合作评价"课堂反思性实践研究[J]. 现代外语, 2017(3):397-406.



To introduce a Chinese scientist to international students at "Ustar" Science & Technology Festival





Homework Analysis

字数: 199 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

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SUMMARY

Language

Content

Structure

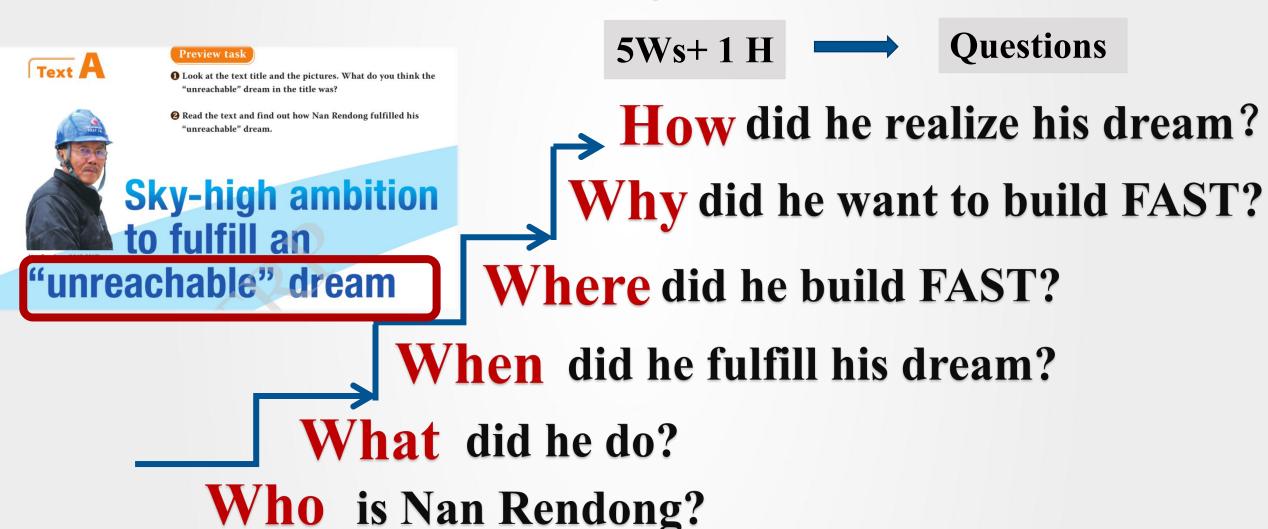




Sky-high Ambition to Fulfill an "Unreachable" Dream



Review the video, read the title and ask quesitons:



Who Nan Rendong is a scientist.

What He built the world's largest telescope (FAST).

When In 2016. Where In Guizhou.

Why To explore the universe.

How With his perseverance and efforts.

Main Idea

Nan Rendong is a scientist,

who built the world's largest telescope (FAST)

in 2016

in Guizhou

to explore the universe

with his perseverance and efforts.

Main Idea

Which of the following questions should be included in the summary?

- 1. WHO is Nan Rendong?
- 2. What did he do?
- 3. When did he built Fast?
- 4. WHERE did Nan build FAST?
- 5. WHY did he want to do it?
- 6. HOW did he realize the dream?
- 7. When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST?
- 8. When did Nan return to China?
- 9. What was the biggest telescope in China like at the time?
- 10. What kind of life did Nan live?
- 11. What was the dream described as?
- 12. What can dreams give people?
- 13. What challenges did he face?
- 14. When did the construction of FAST begin and end?
- 15. When was Nan diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 16. What did he do after he was diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 17. When did Nan pass away?
- 18. What can FAST do?
- 19. What was the primary reason that humans stood out according to Nan?
- 20. What was the author's comment of Nan Rendong?

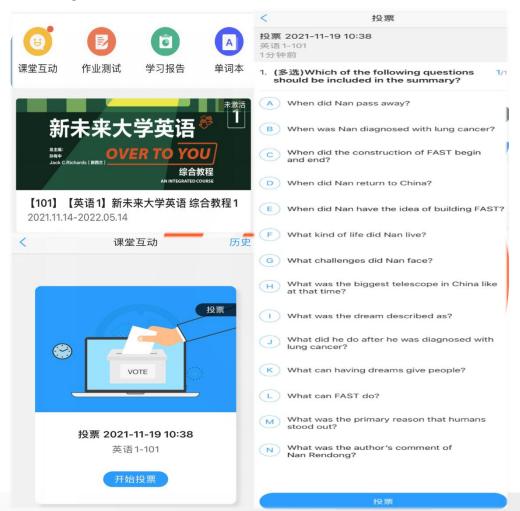
Main idea





Which of the following questions should be included in the summary?

- When did Nan pass away?
- 2. When was Nan diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 3. When did the construction of FAST begin and end?
- 4. When did Nan return to China?
- 5. When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST?
- 6. What kind of life did Nan live?
- 7. What challenges did he face?
- 8. What was the biggest telescope in China like at the time?
- 9. What was the dream described as?
- 10. What did he do after he was diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 11. What can dreams give people?
- 12. What can FAST do?
- 13. What was the primary reason that humans stood out?
- 14. What was the author's comment of Nan Rendong?



2票 10%

18票90%

Which of the following questions should be included in the summary?



- 2. When was Nan diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 3. When did the construction of FAST begin and end?
- 4. When did Nan return to China?
- 5. When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST?
- 6. What kind of life did Nan live?
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- 8. What was the biggest telescope in China like at the time?
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- 10. What did he do after he was diagnosed with lung cancer?
- 11. What can dreams give people?
- 12. What can FAST do?
- 13. What was the primary reason that humans stood out?
- 14. What was the author's comment of Nan Rendong?





(1) When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST?

Key Origin

In the early 1990s, Nanhad the idea.



(2) What challenges did he face?

Key

Obstacles

He spent 12 years finding the right position for building and went through one failure after another.



(3) When did the construction of FAST begin and end?

Key

Milestones

It began in March 2011 and was completed on September 25, 2016.



(4) What was the author's comment on Nan Rendong?

Key

Qualities

As a dream-chaser, he thought big and ran at full speed toward achieving his dream.

(1) When did Nan Rendong have the idea of building FAST?

(2) What was the first challenge?

(3) When did the construction of FAST begin and end?

(4) What was the author's comment of Nan Rendong?





Nan Rendong is a scientist, who built the world's largest telescope (FAST) in 2016 in Guizhou to explore the universe with his perseverance and efforts.

Motivating

Main Idea



Necessary Details



In the early 1990s, Nan Rendong had the idea of building FAST. He spent 12 years looking for the right position for building FAST and went through one failure after another. The construction began in 2011 and was completed 5 years later. He is a dream-chaser, who dared to dream big and dedicated himself to achieving it.

字数: 199 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

It's important in life to have dreams. Whether these are dreams for your future, your family's future, or for the future of your country, having dreams can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. Nan Rendong, the chief scientist for the world's largest radio telescope, FAST. He spent more than two decades trying to fulfil a dream that many described as "unreachable". Giving up his well-paid position at one of the world's top scientific research institutes in Japan, Nan returned to China in 1994 to pursue his "unreachable" dream. After 12 years of searching, Nan Rendong and his team solved the first challenge - finding the right place. For example, he had to climb up and down 100-meter- tall towers countless times and assess the firmness of the subsoil with his own. Nan personally took care of many technical details. Nan himself always led his team during the construction process, overcoming one failure after another. Nan Rendong lived a simple life, with little concern for reputation or wealth. But as a dream-chaser, he thought big and ran at full speed toward achieving his "unreachable" dream.

1. Can we copy the original words?

Retelling

字数:55 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

It's important in life to have dreams, which can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. However, many people think his or her dream is unreachable. But I believe that if you made an extraordinary contribution, you will achieve your dream.

2. Can we bring in our own opinions?



Objective

字数: 199 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

It's important in life to have dreams. Whether these are dreams for your future, your family's future, or for the future of your country, having dreams can give people the motivation to succeed and make the world a better place. Nan Rendong, the chief scientist for the world's largest radio telescope, FAST. He spent more than two decades trying to fulfil a dream that many described as "unreachable". Giving up his well-paid position at one of the world's top scientific research institutes in Japan, Nan returned to China in 1994 to pursue his "unreachable" dream. After 12 years of searching, Nan Rendong and his team solved the first challenge - finding the right place. For example, he had to climb up and down 100-meter- tall towers countless times and assess the firmness of the subsoil with his own. Nan personally took care of many technical details. Nan himself always led his team during the construction process, overcoming one failure after another. Nan Rendong lived a simple life, with little concern for reputation or wealth. But as a dream-chaser, he thought big and ran at full speed toward achieving his "unreachable" dream.

3. Can we include detailed explanations, examples or evidence, that are not so vital information?



Summary Structure

字数: 65 标为优秀

完成一个 summary 作业

Nan Rendong, the chief scientist, completed the world's

largest radio telescope, FAST on September 25, 2016.

So it's very important to have a dream in life. No matter

how difficult it is, it can't stop us from moving forward.

Like Nan Rendong, he led his team through numerous of

challenges and setbacks. But I think all the difficulties

will also promote our progress to success.

4. When listing the key points, shall we follow the order of ideas in the original text or rearrange them?

A) original order



B) rearrangement

Easily understood

SUMMARY

Language → Retelling + Objective + Brief

Content —> Main idea + Necessary details

Structure —> Following the original order



Self-assessment chart

	Self-Assessment	Score
Language	I can self-study and I have used as many new words and expressions as possible.	1 2 3 4 5
	I have used attributive clause to make the sentences more concise.	10 20 30 40 50
Content	I have covered the main facts and necessary details of the text.	1 2 3 4 5
	I don't cover any information that may not be vital.	10 20 30 40 50
	I don't copy the author's words or bring in my own opinions.	1 2 3 4 5
Structure	I follow the order of the original text in a logical way.	1 2 3 4 5
Critical thinking skill	I can cooperate with my partner and develop my critical thinking ability by analyzing the chronology of events using a timeline	1 2 3 4 5
Reflection	My passion is aroused to integrate my personal dream with the Chinese Dream.	1 2 3 4 5





Teacher's assessment chart

	Assessment Criteria	i∭CiC₽∕	Teacher
Language	Students have commanded the new words and expressions and collocatons in "language in focus".		
	Students have commanded attributive clause in "language in focus".		
Content	The messages are what the author want to convey.		
	The messages can help people understand.		
	Students didn't include information that may not be vital.		
	Students didn't use the author's words or bring in their own opinion.		
Structure	Students follow the order of ideas in the original text.		

Assignment Language in focus: P182-183 Refine the summary

Exploration







Page-180

4. How do you understand the connection between Nan Rendong's personal dream and the Chinese dream?



Exploration

Dream

Passion

Spirit





Torch







Exploration

